

OIL AND GAS ON U.S. PUBLIC LANDS

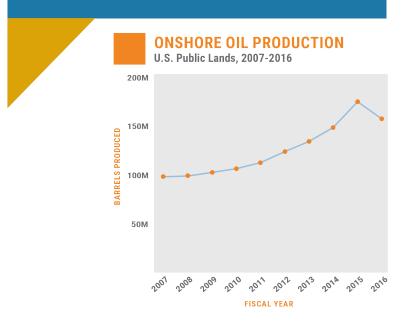
GET THE FACTS

Americans expect federal officials to strike a balance between conservation and energy development on public lands, while guaranteeing taxpayers receive a fair return from the use of taxpayer-owned resources.

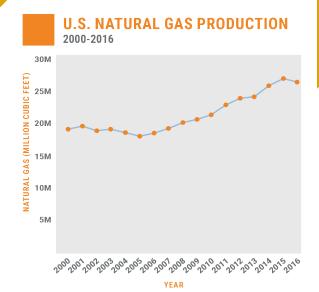
However, the current system is tilted toward the oil and gas industry. Private companies drive the process for where to drill, pay extremely low rates to taxpayers, and are not held accountable for spills and other long-term impacts of development.

Learn more at RiggingTheSystem.org.

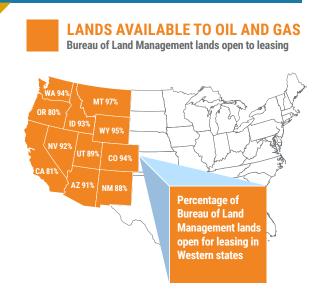
Oil production on U.S. public lands is up 60 percent¹ over the last decade.



Natural gas production is near all time highs² in the United States, increasing dramatically over the last decade.



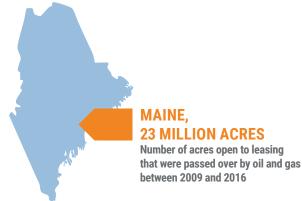
90 percent of U.S. public lands are open to oil and gas leasing and development. Only 10 percent are protected for recreation, conservation, and wildlife.³



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Between 2009 and 2016, oil and gas companies passed on over 23 million acres⁴ of oil and gas leases offered for sale by the Bureau of Land Management (BLM)—that's more land than all of Maine.

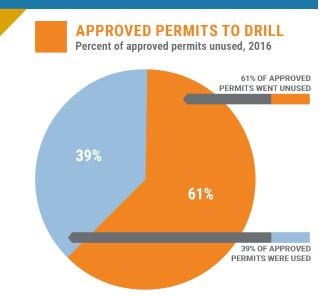
At the end of fiscal year 2016, oil and gas companies were sitting on nearly 8,000 approved, but unused drilling permits.⁵ That's a record high.⁶ At the same time, companies are sitting on over 14 million acres of unused public lands leases.⁷



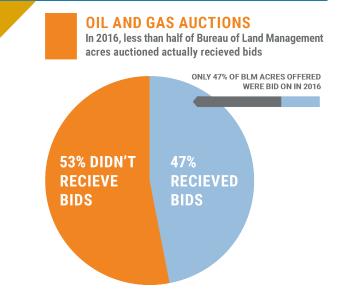


In 2015 and 2016, BLM postponed multiple lease sales because industry officials failed to nominate any parcels for leasing.8

In fiscal year 2016, BLM approved 2,200 new drilling permits, but oil and gas companies used only 850. That means companies received 2.5 times more drilling permits than they needed.9



In 2016, oil and gas companies bid on less than half of land offered by BLM at auction—the U.S. government auctioned nearly 2 million acres for oil and gas drilling but companies bid on less than 1 million acres.¹⁰



- 1. Office of Natural Resources Revenue production data, https://www.onrr.gov/About/production-data.htm
- 2. U.S. Energy Information Administration natural gas data, https://www.eia.gov/dnav/ng/hist/n9070us2A.htm
- 3. The Wilderness Society analysis, http://wilderness.org/open-business-and-not-much-else-analysis-shows-oil-and-gas-leasing-out-whack-blm-lands
- 4. Center for Western Priorities analysis of Bureau of Land Management data, westernpriorities.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/07/Acres-nominated-of fered-sold.xlsx
- 5. House Natural Resources hearing, https://www.c-span.org/video/?430657-1/hearing-focuses-oil-gas-development-federal-lands&start=2516
- 6. Energy & Environment News, https://www.eenews.net/energywire/stories/1060057230
- 7. Bureau of Land Management oil and gas statistics, https://www.blm.gov/programs/energy-and-minerals/oil-and-gas/oil-and-gas-statistics
- 8. Bureau of Land Management, https://web.archive.org/web/20160816111306/http://www.blm.gov:80/mt/st/en/prog/energy/oil_and_gas/leasing/leasesale_info/2015_lease_sale_information/october_20__2015.html
- Bureau of Land Management oil and gas statistics, https://www.blm.gov/sites/blm.gov/files/oilandgas_ogstatistics_t8numberdrillingpermitsapproved byfiscalyear.xlsx
- 10. Center for Western Priorities analysis of Bureau of Land Management data, westernpriorities.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/07/Acres-nominated-of fered-sold.xlsx